

Sheet 4

System of First Order and Higher Order Ordinary Differential Equations

1- Solve the following system of simultaneous equation with associated initial conditions using **Heun's method**.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y - z, \quad y(0) = 0$$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = -y + z, \quad z(0) = 1$$

in the range $0 \leq x \leq 1$ with step size of 0.5.

2- Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 2xy = 0$; $y(0) = 1, \frac{dy}{dx}(0) = 0$ for $y(0.1)$ using **Heun's method** with step size of 0.05.

3. The motion of a damped spring-mass system as shown in the Figure is described by the following ordinary differential equation

$$m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + c \frac{dx}{dt} + kx = 0$$

where

x : displacement from equilibrium position (m),

t : time (s),

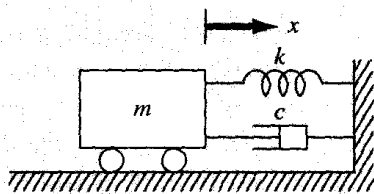
m : mass = 10-kg, and

c : the damping coefficient=5 (N • s/m).

k : the spring constant = 40 N/m.

The initial velocity is zero, and the initial displacement $x = 1$ m.

Solve this equation using **Heun's method** over the time period $0 \leq t \leq 10$ s. consider time step of 5 sec.



4. Solve the following set of differential equations using **Runge-Kutta Method**, assuming that at $x = 0, y_1 = 3,$ and $y_2 = 5$. Integrate to $x = 2$ with a step size of 1.

$$\frac{dy_1}{dx} = -0.5y_1$$

$$\frac{dy_2}{dx} = 4 - 0.1y_1 - 0.3y_2$$

5. Using **Runge-Kutta** method, solve the following initial-value problems for the second-order ordinary differential equations for $0 \leq x \leq 1, h = 0.5, y(0) = 0.5$ and $y'(0) = -0.5$. by reducing the equations to a system of first-order ordinary differential equations

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 3x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy - 3x - 2,$$

6. Use the **Runge-Kutta** method to solve

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} - t + y = 0$$

where $y(0) = 2$ and $y'(0) = 0$. Solve from $x = 0$ to 4 using $h = 2$.

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| <p>1 - السؤال الاول والرابع محلولين حل نموذجي
2 - السؤال الثاني والخامس سيتم شرحهم في السكشن
3 - السؤال الثالث والسادس سيجلهم الطالب ويقدمهم في تقرير منظم في الموعد الذي سيحدده المعيد
4 - في حالة تقديم التقرير بعد الموعد المحدد فلن يقبل منه مهما كانت الاعذار ولن توضع له درجة</p> |
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1- Replace department variables y by y_1 and, z by y_2 then

$$\frac{dy_1}{dx} = y_1 - y_2, \quad y_1(0) = 0$$

$$\frac{dy_2}{dx} = -y_1 + y_2, \quad y_2(0) = 1$$

Given

$$f_1(x, y_1, y_2) = y_1 - y_2$$

$$f_2(x, y_1, y_2) = -y_1 + y_2$$

$$x(0) = 0$$

$$y_1(0) = 0$$

$$y_2(0) = 1$$

$$x_f = 1$$

$$h = 0.5$$

Solution

$$y_1(1), y_2(1)$$

$$x_1 = x_0 + h = 0 + 0.5 = 0.5$$

$$y_1^e(1) = y_1(0) + hf_1(x(0), y_1(0), y_2(0)) = 0 + 0.5 * f_1(0, 0, 1) = -0.500$$

$$y_2^e(1) = y_2(0) + hf_2(x(0), y_1(0), y_2(0)) = 1 + 0.5 * f_2(0, 0, 1) = 1.500$$

$$y_1(1) = y_1(0) + h \frac{f_1(x(0), y_1(0), y_2(0)) + f_1(x(1), y_1^e(1), y_2^e(1))}{2}$$

$$= 0 + 0.5 \frac{f_1(0, 0, 1) + f_1(0.5, -0.500, 1.500)}{2} = -0.750$$

$$y_2(1) = y_2(0) + h \frac{f_2(x(0), y_1(0), y_2(0)) + f_2(x(1), y_1^e(1), y_2^e(1))}{2}$$

$$= 1 + 0.5 \frac{f_2(0, 0, 1) + f_2(0.5, -0.500, 1.500)}{2} = 1.750$$

$$y_1(2), y_2(2)$$

$$x_2 = x_1 + h = 0.5 + 0.5 = 1$$

$$y_1^e(2) = y_1(1) + hf_1(x(1), y_1(1), y_2(1)) = -0.750 + 0.5 * f_1(0.5, -0.750, 1.750) = -2$$

$$y_2^e(2) = y_2(1) + hf_2(x(1), y_1(1), y_2(1)) = 1.750 + 0.5 * f_2(0.5, -0.750, 1.750) = 3$$

$$y_1(2) = y_1(1) + h \frac{f_1(x(1), y_1(1), y_2(1)) + f_1(x(2), y_1^e(2), y_2^e(2))}{2}$$

$$= -0.750 + 0.5 \frac{f_1(0.5, -0.750, 1.750) + f_1(1, -2, 3)}{2} = -2.625$$

$$y_2(2) = y_2(1) + h \frac{f_2(x(1), y_1(1), y_2(1)) + f_2(x(2), y_1^e(2), y_2^e(2))}{2}$$

$$= 1.750 + 0.5 \frac{f_2(0.5, -0.750, 1.750) + f_2(1, -2, 3)}{2} = 3.625$$

i	x	y	z
0	0	0	1
1	0.5	-0.750	1.750
2	1	-2.625	3.625

4-Given

$$f_1(x, y_1, y_2) = -0.5y_1$$

$$f_2(x, y_1, y_2) = 4 - 0.1y_1 - 0.3y_2$$

$$x(0) = 0$$

$$y_1(0) = 3$$

$$y_2(0) = 5$$

$$x_f = 2$$

$$h = 1$$

Solution

$$y_1(1), y_2(1)$$

$$x_1 = x_0 + h = 0 + 1 = 1$$

$$k_{1,1} = f_1(x(0), y_1(0), y_2(0)) = f_1(0, 3, 5) = -1.500$$

$$k_{1,2} = f_2(x(0), y_1(0), y_2(0)) = f_2(0, 3, 5) = 2.200$$

$$k_{2,1} = f_1\left(x(0) + \frac{h}{2}, y_1(0) + h \frac{k_{1,1}}{2}, y_2(0) + h \frac{k_{1,2}}{2}\right) = f_1(0.500, 2.250, 6.100) = -1.125$$

$$k_{2,2} = f_2\left(x(0) + \frac{h}{2}, y_1(0) + h \frac{k_{1,1}}{2}, y_2(0) + h \frac{k_{1,2}}{2}\right) = f_2(0.500, 2.250, 6.100) = 1.945$$

$$k_{3,1} = f_1\left(x(0) + \frac{h}{2}, y_1(0) + h \frac{k_{2,1}}{2}, y_2(0) + h \frac{k_{2,2}}{2}\right) = f_1(0.500, 2.438, 5.972) = -1.219$$

$$k_{3,2} = f_2\left(x(0) + \frac{h}{2}, y_1(0) + h \frac{k_{2,1}}{2}, y_2(0) + h \frac{k_{2,2}}{2}\right) = f_2(0.500, 2.438, 5.972) = 1.965$$

$$k_{4,1} = f_1(x(0) + h, y_1(0) + h k_{3,1}, y_2(0) + h k_{3,2}) = f_1(1, 1.781, 6.964) = -0.891$$

$$k_{4,2} = f_2(x(0) + h, y_1(0) + h k_{3,1}, y_2(0) + h k_{3,2}) = f_2(1, 1.781, 6.964) = 1.733$$

$$y_1(1) = y_1(0) + h * \frac{k_{1,1} + 2 * k_{2,1} + 2 * k_{3,1} + k_{4,1}}{6}$$
$$= 3 + 1 * \frac{(-1.500) + 2 * (-1.125) + 2 * (-1.219) + (-0.891)}{6} = 1.820$$

$$y_2(1) = y_2(0) + h * \frac{k_{1,2} + 2 * k_{2,2} + 2 * k_{3,2} + k_{4,2}}{6}$$
$$= 5 + 1 * \frac{(2.200) + 2 * (1.945) + 2 * (1.965) + (1.733)}{6} = 6.959$$

$$y_1(2), y_2(2)$$

$$x_2 = x_1 + h = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$k_{1,1} = f_1(x(1), y_1(1), y_2(1)) = f_1(1, 1.820, 6.959) = -0.910$$

$$k_{1,2} = f_2(x(1), y_1(1), y_2(1)) = f_2(1, 1.820, 6.959) = 1.730$$

$$k_{2,1} = f_1\left(x(1) + \frac{h}{2}, y_1(1) + h \frac{k_{1,1}}{2}, y_2(1) + h \frac{k_{1,2}}{2}\right) = f_1(1.500, 1.365, 7.824) = -0.683$$

$$k_{2,2} = f_2\left(x(1) + \frac{h}{2}, y_1(1) + h \frac{k_{1,1}}{2}, y_2(1) + h \frac{k_{1,2}}{2}\right) = f_2(1.500, 1.365, 7.824) = 1.516$$

$$k_{3,1} = f_1\left(x(1) + \frac{h}{2}, y_1(1) + h \frac{k_{2,1}}{2}, y_2(1) + h \frac{k_{2,2}}{2}\right) = f_1(1.500, 1.479, 7.717) = -0.740$$

$$k_{3,2} = f_2\left(x(1) + \frac{h}{2}, y_1(1) + h \frac{k_{2,1}}{2}, y_2(1) + h \frac{k_{2,2}}{2}\right) = f_2(1.500, 1.479, 7.717) = 1.537$$

$$k_{4,1} = f_1(x(1) + h, y_1(1) + h k_{3,1}, y_2(1) + h k_{3,2}) = f_1(2, 1.081, 8.496) = -0.540$$

$$k_{4,2} = f_2(x(1) + h, y_1(1) + h k_{3,1}, y_2(1) + h k_{3,2}) = f_2(2, 1.081, 8.496) = 1.343$$

$$y_1(2) = y_1(1) + h * \frac{k_{1,1} + 2 * k_{2,1} + 2 * k_{3,1} + k_{4,1}}{6}$$
$$= 1.820 + 1 * \frac{(-0.910) + 2 * (-0.683) + 2 * (-0.740) + (-0.540)}{6} = 1.105$$

$$y_2(2) = y_2(1) + h * \frac{k_{1,2} + 2 * k_{2,2} + 2 * k_{3,2} + k_{4,2}}{6}$$

$$= 6.959 + 1 * \frac{(1.730) + 2 * (1.516) + 2 * (1.537) + (1.343)}{6} = 8.489$$

i	x	y_1(i)	y_2(i)
0	0	3	5
1	1	1.820	6.959
2	2	1.105	8.489